

Higgs mechanism

Consider a superconductor

Meissner effect

Cooper's pairs $\Rightarrow n_c$ density of condensate (1)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \psi = |\psi| e^{i\alpha} \\ |\psi| = \sqrt{n_c} \end{array} \right. \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{j} &= \frac{e_c}{2im_c} (\psi^* \vec{\nabla} \psi - c.c.) = \\ &= e_c \frac{\vec{\nabla} \alpha}{m_c} \quad \begin{array}{l} e_c = 2e \\ m_c = 2m \end{array} \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

(3) \Rightarrow $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{different phase in (2)} \rightarrow \\ \text{different current} \rightarrow \\ \text{different state of the} \\ \text{superconductor} \end{array} \right. \quad (4)$

(4) \Rightarrow gauge invariance is lost

{ QED equations are gauge invariant
Wave function is not gauge invariant (5)

Spontaneous symmetry breaking

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Current in the external field

$$\vec{\nabla} \Rightarrow \vec{\nabla} - ie\vec{A} \quad (6)$$



comp. (4)

"Gauge
inv"

Signs are correct

$$\vec{j} = \frac{e\hbar c}{2imc} \left[\psi^* (\vec{\nabla} - ie\vec{A}) \psi - c.c \right]$$


$$= e\hbar \frac{\vec{\nabla} \psi}{mc} - \frac{e\hbar c}{mc} \vec{A} \quad (7)$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} - \Delta \right) \vec{A} = 4\pi \vec{j} =$$

$$= \frac{\vec{\nabla} \rho}{m_c} - \frac{4\pi n_c e_c^2}{m} \vec{A}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} - \Delta \right) \vec{B} = - \frac{4\pi n_c e_c^2}{m} \vec{B}$$

$$\partial^2 = -\cancel{\beta}^2 = -\cancel{\beta}_\mu \cancel{\beta}^\mu$$

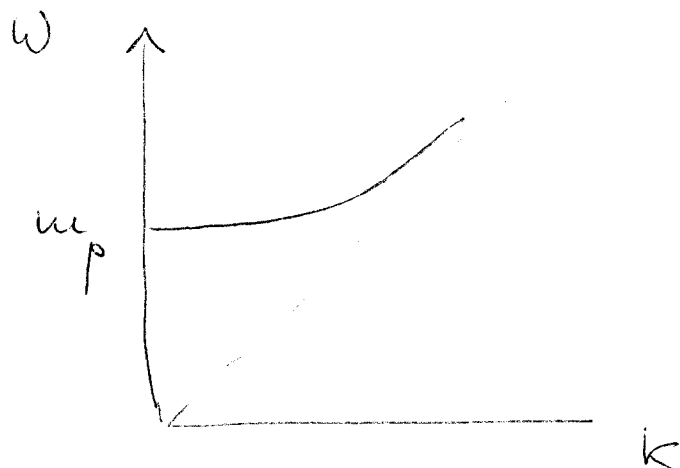

$$\partial^2 \vec{B} = m_{ph}^2 \vec{B}$$

$$m_{ph}^2 = \frac{4\pi n_c e_c^2}{m_c}$$

Units

$$\frac{e^2}{\hbar c} = \frac{1}{137}$$

$$\omega^2 = k^2 + m_p^2$$



Meissner effect

$$\Delta \vec{B} = m_p^2 \vec{B}$$

$$\vec{B} = \vec{B}_0 \exp(-m_p x)$$

Vacuum

Superconductor

