

### PHYS1231 end of year test equations

The following equations may be used without proof.

$$PV = NkT = nRT$$

$$P = \frac{1}{3} \rho v^2$$

$$I = e\sigma T^4$$

$$x' = \gamma(x - vt) \quad t' = \gamma(t - vx/c^2) \quad u'_x = \frac{u_x - v}{1 - u_x v/c^2} \quad \gamma = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}} \quad E^2 = p^2 c^2 + m^2 c^4$$

$$\lambda_{\max} T = 2898 \text{ } \mu\text{m.K} \quad \lambda - \lambda' = \frac{h}{m_e c} (1 - \cos \theta) \quad E_n = -\frac{13.6 \text{ eV}}{n^2} \quad p = h/\lambda$$

$$m_e = 9.1 \cdot 10^{-31} \text{ kg} \quad m_p = 1.67 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ kg} \quad e = 1.6 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ C} \quad h = 6.63 \cdot 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$$

$$k = 1.38 \cdot 10^{-23} \text{ JK}^{-1} \quad \sigma = 5.67 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ W m}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-4} \quad \mathbf{F}_e = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q_1 q_2}{r^2} \hat{\mathbf{r}} \quad \mathbf{F}_g = G \frac{Mm}{r^2} \hat{\mathbf{r}}$$